Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

Rats identified as to sex:	
Male	975
Female	882
Total	1,857
Rats examined bacteriologically	1,262
Plague rats	0
Poisons placed	16,540
Total number of rats infected to date	398

OAKLAND, CAL.

Last case of human plague: Sickened, July 17, 1908.
Last case of rodent plague: Trapped, December 1, 1908.

Week ended September 4, 1909.

Dead inspected	24
Plague	0
Rats found dead	22
Rats trapped	626
Rats identified:	
Mus norvegicus	609
Mus musculus	39
Total	648
Rats examined bacteriologically	609
Plague rats	0
Ground squirrels trapped	8
Ground squirrels shot	53
Ground squirrels examined bacteriologically	61
Plague squirrels	0

POINT RICHMOND, CAL.

Week ended August 28.

Sick inspected	1
Plague	0
Dead inspected	1
Plague	0

Week ended September 4.

Sick inspected	1
Plague	0
Dead inspected	2
Plague	0

MILK EPIDEMIC OF TYPHOID FEVER.

Report from Ithaca, N. Y.

Doctor Crumm, health officer, reports, August 31:

During the 10 days ended August 31, 35 cases of typhoid fever, with 1 death, occurred at Ithaca. All the cases were due to infected milk on one route.

STATISTICAL REPORTS OF MORBIDITY AND MORTALITY, STATES AND CITIES OF THE UNITED STATES—UNTABULATED.

CONNECTICUT.—Month of August, 1909. Reports to the state board of health from 158 towns having an aggregate population of 1,042,834 show as follows: Total number of deaths from all causes,

1,468, corresponding to an annual death rate of 16.8 per 1,000 of population, including measles 8, scarlet fever 5, diphtheria 9, whooping cough 20, enteric fever 29, and 105 from pulmonary tuberculosis. Cases: Measles, 103 in 25 towns; scarlet fever, 73 in 19 towns; diphtheria, 107 in 33 towns; whooping cough, 96 in 21 towns; enteric fever, 165 in 43 towns; and tuberculosis, 100 in 29 towns.

FLORIDA—*Pensacola.*—Month of August, 1909. Estimated population, 30,000. Total number of deaths, 25, including enteric fever 5, and 2 from tuberculosis.

ILLINOIS—*Quincy.*—Month of August, 1909. Estimated population, 43,000. Total number of deaths 55, including diphtheria 2, enteric fever 2, and 5 from tuberculosis. Cases: Not reported.

KENTUCKY—*Henderson.*—Month of August, 1909. Estimated population, 17,900. Total number of deaths, 21, including 2 from tuberculosis. Cases: Enteric fever 13, scarlet fever 1, whooping cough 1, and 2 from tuberculosis.

Louisville.—Month of August, 1909. Estimated population, 260,416. Total number of deaths, 291, corresponding to an annual death rate of 15.34 per 1,000 of population, including enteric fever 13, scarlet fever 3, diphtheria 1, and 43 from tuberculosis. Cases: Scarlet fever 13, enteric fever 45, and diphtheria 13.

MARYLAND—*Washington County.*—Month of August, 1909. Estimated population, 50,000. Total number of deaths, 82. Cases: Enteric fever 20, diphtheria 3, and whooping cough 2.

MINNESOTA.—Month of June, 1909. Estimated population, 1,979,658. Reports to the state board of health show as follows: Total number of deaths, 1,247, including diphtheria 36, enteric fever 21, scarlet fever 26, measles 4, whooping cough 16, smallpox 3, and 178 from tuberculosis. Deaths reported from state institutions during the month numbered 23, including 5 from tuberculosis.

NEW HAMPSHIRE—*Manchester.*—Month of August, 1909. Estimated population, 68,000. Total number of deaths, 123, corresponding to a monthly death rate of 1.79 per 1,000 of population, including diphtheria 2, enteric fever 1, and 10 from tuberculosis. Cases: Scarlet fever 4, measles 27, diphtheria 19, and enteric fever 2.

NEW YORK STATE.—Month of July, 1909. Estimated population, 8,699,643. Total number of deaths, 11,199, corresponding to an annual death rate of 15.4 per 1,000 of population, including enteric fever 85, measles 126, scarlet fever 65, whooping cough 94, diphtheria 127, and 1,327 from tuberculosis. Cases: Tuberculosis 2,638, diphtheria 1,126, scarlet fever 724, measles 2,695, smallpox 16, and enteric fever 474.

Buffalo.—Month of August, 1909. Estimated population, 352,387. Total number of deaths 525, including diphtheria 6, enteric fever 7,

measles 3, scarlet fever 4, whooping cough 3, and 37 from tuberculosis. Cases: Diphtheria 34, enteric fever 67, measles 22, scarlet fever 79, whooping cough 27, and tuberculosis 109.

Ithaca.—Month of August, 1909. Estimated population, 16,000. Total number of deaths not reported. One death from enteric fever reported. Cases: Enteric fever 35.

Rome.—Month of August, 1909. Census population, 15,343. Total number of deaths 42, including 2 from tuberculosis. Cases: Diphtheria 4, enteric fever 2, tuberculosis 2.

Troy.—Month of July, 1909. Estimated population, 77,650. Total number of deaths, 111, corresponding to an annual death rate of 14.06 per 1,000 of population, including whooping cough 2, and 14 from pulmonary tuberculosis. Cases: Enteric fever 2, diphtheria 5, whooping cough 4, and tuberculosis 12.

VIRGINIA—*Lynchburg.*—Month of August, 1909. Total number of deaths 25, including enteric fever 4, and 2 from tuberculosis. Cases: Not reported.

Richmond.—Month of August, 1909. Estimated population, 115,701 (white, 73,204; colored, 42,497). Total number of deaths 176 (white, 77; colored, 99), including enteric fever 4, and 20 (white, 3; colored, 17) from pulmonary tuberculosis. Cases: Diphtheria 6, enteric fever 61, measles 3, and whooping cough 11.

WASHINGTON—*Tacoma.*—Month of August, 1909. Estimated population, 120,000. Total number of deaths 68, including scarlet fever 1, diphtheria 2, and 10 from tuberculosis. Cases: Pulmonary tuberculosis 11, scarlet fever 19, enteric fever 15, and diphtheria 6.

Smallpox in the United States as reported to the Surgeon-General, Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service, June 26 to September 24, 1909.

[For reports received from December 25, 1908, to June 25, 1909, see PUBLIC HEALTH REPORTS for June 25, 1909.]

[NOTE.—In accordance with custom, the tables of epidemic diseases are terminated semiannually and new tables begun.]

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
California:				
Berkeley	July 25-31	1		
Hobart Mills	Apr. 1-30	1		
Sacramento	June 6-12	1		
San Francisco	June 6-July 3	2		
Truckee	Mar. 23	3		
Total for State		8		
Connecticut:				
New Haven	May 1-31	1		
Total for State		1		
District of Columbia:				
Washington	Aug. 8-14	1		
Total for District		1		
Georgia:				
Macon	June 14-July 11	8		
Total for State		8		